

	Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology	Document No.	OGRM218
		Issue Date	May 2024
	<u>Subject</u> Information on PGT-M English	Next review date	April 2026
AL	8	Approved by	HKU-QMH-KWH CARE
		Page	Page 1 of 2

# Information on Preimplantation Genetic Testing (PGT) for Monogenic Diseases

#### 1. Nature

This method aims at determining the genetic make-up of embryos before they are transferred to the womb. It allows selection and transfer of embryos unaffected by the monogenic disorder which the fetus is at risk for.

## 2. Indications

□ Autosomal dominant / recessive disease

Sex-linked dominant / recessive disease

Combined with HLA typing

## 3. Procedure

In addition to IVF procedure, the following steps are involved:

- Fertilization by intracytoplasmic sperm injection
- Embryo biopsy: removal of 5-10 trophectoderm cells from blastocysts
- Each blastocyst is individually frozen after embryo biopsy
- Genetic study of the cells by polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
- Checking correct chromosome number can be performed at the same time
- Genetically transferrable blastocyst will be transferred to the womb in subsequent frozen embryo cycles.
- Carrier blastocysts with minimal risk of developing the disease will not be discarded.

## 4. Risks

The biopsy of cells from blastocysts may reduce the pregnancy rate ( $\sim$ 5%), when compared with no biopsy.

## 5. Test accuracy and limitations

- PGT has <5% misdiagnosis.
- We only test for the indicated pathogenic mutation(s) only.
- False result can be attributed to allelic dropout, aneuploidy, undetected recombination or mosaicism of embryos.



	Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology	Document No.	OGRM218
		Issue Date	May 2024
A L	<u>Subject</u> Information on PGT-M English	Next review date	April 2026
		Approved by	HKU-QMH-KWH CARE
		Page	Page 2 of 2

## 6. Follow up

After successful conception, conventional prenatal diagnosis (ultrasound follow-up, chorionic villus sampling or amniocentesis) will be required to confirm the diagnosis made before implantation.

After delivery, it is advisable to follow up the development of the baby.

## 7. Alternative

The alternative is to try natural conception and undergo prenatal diagnosis when pregnant.

## Note:

- □ For X-linked recessive disorders, the couple after counselling requested to discard the carrier blastocysts. Reasons:
- **We will proceed to the embryo biopsy even if there is only one blastocyst.**
- □ There may *NOT* be any transfer after PGT if all are genetically abnormal or the blastocysts cannot survive after thawing.
- □ We CANNOT disclose the sex of the blastocysts unless medically indicated.
- □ Only one blastocyst will be replaced in each transfer. Please use contraception during the transfer cycle.

(Affix label) Wife's name & ID number

(Affix label) Husband's name & ID number

Signature of Wife: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Husband: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_